

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996

[_] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1 - 5332

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

22-1657413

(State of incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

300 SMITH STREET, FARMINGDALE, NEW YORK (Address of principal executive offices)

11735 (Zip Code)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (516) 694-1800

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT: None

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT:

TITLE OF CLASS

NAME OF EACH EXCHANGE ON WHICH REGISTERED

Class A Common Stock,

\$1.00 par value

The NASDAQ Stock Market

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO $[_]$

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [_]

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, based on the last sale price on March 24, 1997, was approximately \$9,802,758.

As of March 24, 1997, there were outstanding 2,928,867 shares of the Registrant's Class A Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III incorporates by reference information from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the 1997 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC.

FORM 10-K

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PART I	PAGE
Item 1	L .	Business	1 - 3
Item 2	2.	Properties	4
Item 3	3.	Legal Proceedings	4
Item 4	1.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	4
		DADEL II	
		PART II	
Item 5	5.	Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters	4
Item 6	õ.	Selected Financial Data	5
Item 7	7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	6 - 10
Item 8	3.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	11 - 34
Item 9	€.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosures	35
		PART III	
Item 1	LO.	Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant	35
Item 1	11.	Executive Compensation	35
Item 1	12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	35
Item 1	13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	35
		PART IV	
T 1	. 4	This is a state of the state of	
Item 1	L4.	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K	36 - 41
		Signatures	38

i

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

P & F Industries, Inc. (the "Company") conducts its business operations through two wholly-owned subsidiaries. Florida Pneumatic Manufacturing Corporation ("Florida Pneumatic") is engaged in the importation, manufacture and sale of pneumatic hand tools, primarily for the industrial and retail markets, and the manufacture and sale of air filters. Florida Pneumatic also markets, through its Berkley Tool division ("Berkley"), a line of pipe cutting and threading tools, wrenches and replacement electrical components for a widely used brand of pipe cutting and threading machines. Embassy Industries, Inc. ("Embassy") is engaged in the manufacture and sale of baseboard and radiant

heating products. Embassy also imports, assembles and packages a line of small hardware items through its Franklin Hardware division ("Franklin"). Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements presents financial information for the segments of the Company's business.

Florida Pneumatic has two major customers, Sears, Roebuck and W.W. Grainger, which accounted for 37.4%, 31.4% and 38.9% and 10.8%, 10.8% and 10.7%of consolidated net sales for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

FLORIDA PNEUMATIC

Florida Pneumatic imports or manufactures approximately fifty types of pneumatic hand tools, most of which are sold at prices ranging from \$50 to \$1,000, under the names "Florida Pneumatic", "Universal Tool" and "Fuji", as well as under the trade names or trademarks of several private label customers. These tools are similar in appearance and function to electric hand tools such as sanders, grinders, drills, saws and impact wrenches but are powered by compressed air, rather than directly by electricity. Air tools, as they are also called, are generally less expensive to operate, offer better performance and are lighter in weight than their electrical counterparts.

Most of Florida Pneumatic's sales are of pneumatic tools imported from Japan, along with sales of some products imported from Taiwan and mainland China. Florida Pneumatic manufactures high speed rotary and reciprocating pneumatic tools at its factory in Jupiter, Florida and also manufactures and imports air filters.

Products are sold to distributors, retailers and private label customers through in-house sales personnel and manufacturers' representatives. Typical users of Florida Pneumatic's hand tools include industrial maintenance and production staffs, do-it-yourself mechanics, automobile mechanics and auto body repairmen.

The primary competitive factors in the pneumatic tool market are price, service and brand-name awareness.

Two customers accounted for 67.5% of Florida Pneumatic's net sales in 1996. Relationships with these customers remain excellent. The loss of a third major customer in late 1995 had no significant impact on Florida Pneumatic's earnings, because of increased sales to existing customers and reductions, begun in early 1995, of related overhead and other costs.

Berkley markets a product line consisting of pipe and bolt dies, pipe taps, pipe and tubing cutter wheels, wrenches and replacement electrical components for a widely used brand of pipe cutting and threading machines. Florida Pneumatic markets Berkley's products through industrial distributors and contractors.

Florida Pneumatic's products are sold off the shelf and no material backlog of orders exists. The business is not seasonal, but it may be subject to significant periodic changes resulting from occasional sales promotions by customers.

Florida Pneumatic purchases significant amounts of pneumatic tools from two foreign suppliers. Other sources are available. However, the loss of either supplier could cause a temporary disruption in the flow of products, possibly creating an adverse effect on operating results.

EMBASSY

Embassy's baseboard heating products are sold nationally under the Embassy name and under its Panel-Track and System 6 trademarks, for use in hot-water heating systems installed in single family homes, multi-unit dwellings and

commercial and industrial buildings. Products are sold principally to wholesalers by manufacturers' representatives and in-house sales support personnel. Embassy's products are also sold to other manufacturers for incorporation into their products and for distribution on a private label basis.

Hot-water heating systems operate by heating water in a boiler and circulating it through the copper tubing in the baseboard along the perimeter of the space to be heated. Attached to the copper tubing are numerous closely-spaced aluminum fins which dissipate the heat. Sections are two to ten feet in length, project several inches from the wall and rise less than a foot from the floor. These sections may be combined for longer installations. Embassy's baseboard contains patented plastic tracks which ease handling and reduce operating noise.

At the end of 1994, Embassy introduced a hot-water radiant heating system. Radiant heating systems are different from baseboard heating systems in that the heating systems are generally installed in floors and radiate heat provided by hot water circulating in plastic tubing installed beneath the surface of the floor. These systems include the tubing, manifolds, controls and installation supplies. Embassy also provides computer software which aids in the design of the system. Sales of this product accounted for 10.3% of Embassy's total heating equipment sales in 1996.

2

Baseboard and radiant heating systems compete with forced hot-air and electric heat systems. Electric systems are generally more expensive to operate. Forced hot-air systems are noisier, sometimes cause discomfort from fluctuations in temperature as the furnace cycles on and off and do not distribute warm air uniformly within the room. Hot-water systems are generally more expensive to install. Accordingly, baseboard and radiant heating systems are more widely used in custom and higher priced homes and in colder sections of the country. Since Embassy's products are primarily used in new installations, its sales are related to new housing starts.

Embassy's baseboard heating products are sold off the shelf and no material backlog of orders exists. Raw materials are readily available. The business is seasonal, with approximately 61.0% of Embassy's heating equipment sales coming in the last six months of the year.

The primary competitive factors in the baseboard and radiant heating market are quality, price, service and brand-name awareness.

The Franklin division of Embassy imports, assembles and packages approximately 135 types of hardware products, including door knobs, locks, door viewers, hinges, clothesline pulleys, rope tighteners and fire escape ladders. Products generally range in price from under \$1.00 to \$30.00 and are sold to retailers, wholesalers and private label accounts through manufacturers' representatives and in-house sales support personnel. Nearly all of Franklin's sales are of products imported from the Far East. Three customers accounted for approximately 51.4% of Franklin's sales in 1996, with each doing approximately the same volume.

The primary competitive factors in the hardware business are price, service, skill in packaging and point-of-sale marketing.

Franklin's products are sold off the shelf and no material backlog of orders exists. Sources of imported products are readily available. Franklin's business is not seasonal.

EMPLOYEES

The Company employed approximately 168 persons as of December 31, 1996, including 4 at corporate headquarters. The 80 employees of the pneumatic tool operation are not represented by a union. Of the 84 persons employed in the heating equipment and hardware operations, 59 factory workers are covered by a

single-employer union contract. The heating equipment union contract expires on November 30, 1998. The Company believes that its relations with its employees are satisfactory.

3

Item 2. PROPERTIES

Embassy and Florida Pneumatic each own, subject to a mortgage, the plant facilities which they occupy. Embassy's 75,000 square foot plant facility, located in Farmingdale, New York, is currently being utilized at nearly full capacity. Florida Pneumatic's 72,000 square foot plant facility, located in Jupiter, Florida, provides adequate space for its operations in the foreseeable future. The Company's executive offices are located in Embassy's facility in Farmingdale, New York.

The Company owns, subject to a mortgage, a 36,000 square foot facility in New Hyde Park, New York. This building is being leased to Triangle Sheet Metal Works, Inc. ("Triangle"), the Company's former subsidiary.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the last quarter of the period covered by this report.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

The Company's Class A Common Stock trades on the Nasdaq Stock Market. The price range of the Company's Class A Common Stock during the last two fiscal years was as follows:

1996	HIGH	LOW
First Quarter	\$ 3 1/8	\$ 2 3/8
Second Quarter	3 1/2	2 5/8
Third Quarter	3 9/16	2 9/16
Fourth Quarter	4 1/8	3 1/8
1995	HIGH	LOW
1995 	HIGH	LOW
1995 First Quarter	HIGH \$ 2 3/8	LOW \$ 1 15/16
First Quarter	 \$ 2 3/8	 \$ 1 15/16
First Quarter Second Quarter	\$ 2 3/8 2 1/2	 \$ 1 15/16 2 3/16

As of March 21, 1997, there were approximately 3,800 holders of record of the Company's Class A Common Stock.

The Company has not declared any cash dividends on its Class A Common Stock since its incorporation in 1962 and has no plans to declare any cash dividends in the immediate future. At December 31, 1996, the Company had 263,345 shares of \$1 Cumulative Preferred Stock outstanding. All dividends on the preferred stock have been paid to date. On January 30, 1997, the Company redeemed all of the outstanding shares of the preferred stock at the par value of \$10 per share.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected consolidated financial data has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of P & F Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries. The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,									
	19	96	19	95	199	94		1993		1992
Net sales	\$42 65		\$42 64		\$44 842			355 311		468 741
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1 95	3 287	\$ 1 49	1 975	\$ 1 233	3 356	\$	695 866	\$	320 927
Income from continuing operations per share of common stock:										
Primary	'	.52	\$.38	\$.30	\$.19	\$.04
Fully diluted	\$.51	\$.38	\$.30	\$.19	\$.04
Total assets	\$31 33		\$35 41		\$33 013		,	899 164	,	555 176 ======
Long-term obligations	\$ 5 28		\$ 7 41		\$ 7 76°		, -	208 245	, -	469 386
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

5

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

1996 COMPARED TO 1995

Consolidated revenues were virtually unchanged, with an increase of less than 1%, from \$43,047,601 to \$43,078,371. Revenues from pneumatic tools and related equipment decreased 3.6%, from \$31,989,783 to \$30,836,616. The decrease in these revenues was caused by the loss in late 1995 of one large customer, to whom sales were approximately \$1,688,000 in 1995, and by the one-time sale to a new customer of approximately \$2,337,000 in the fourth quarter of 1995. Approximately 71% of the decrease in these revenues was offset by higher sales to existing and new customers. Selling prices were approximately 1.3% higher in 1996 than in 1995.

Heating equipment revenues increased 8.5%, from \$7,530,770 to \$8,171,330. Approximately half of the increase was due to increased sales of radiant heating products. The balance was due to increased baseboard sales, aided by a 2% increase in selling prices.

Hardware revenues increased 14.2%, from \$3,531,783 to \$4,033,686, due to increased sales to existing customers. Hardware selling prices were unchanged during the year.

Consolidated gross profit, as a percentage of revenues, increased from 32.6% to 33.4%. Gross profit on pneumatic tools and related equipment increased from 32.6% to 33.8%, due to the increased selling prices and a more favorable exchange rate of the dollar compared to the Japanese yen, which reduced the cost

of imported product. These improvements in gross profit were partially offset by a less favorable product mix. Gross profit from heating equipment increased slightly, from 34.2% to 34.7%. Higher selling prices essentially offset higher material costs. Gross profit from hardware decreased from 29.4% to 26.7%, due to a less favorable product mix.

Consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 2.2%, from \$10,056,193 to \$9,839,977. Of the total decrease, \$163,200 was attributable to a charge against operations in 1995 for the amount paid for the cancellation of options to purchase 192,000 shares of common stock. As a percentage of revenues, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased from 23.4% to 22.8%.

Interest expense decreased 26.2%, from \$1,021,400 to \$754,069, due to a decrease in average loans outstanding.

The effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995 were 38.7% and 36.4%, respectively. See Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

6

1995 COMPARED TO 1994

Consolidated revenues decreased 4.5%, from \$45,075,182 to \$43,047,601, including a decrease of \$2,129,585 in revenues from hydraulic equipment. In late 1994, the nature of the transactions regarding the import and sale of hydraulic equipment changed, and the Company no longer takes title to the equipment at any time during the transaction. Prior to this change, the gross amounts of these transactions were recorded as sales, with corresponding cost of sales. After the change, the net amounts of these transactions were recorded as commission income.

Excluding revenues from hydraulic equipment, revenues were essentially unchanged. Revenues from pneumatic tools and related equipment, excluding hydraulic equipment, decreased 1.7%, from \$32,161,693 to \$31,604,779, despite increases of approximately 3.5% in average selling prices. The decrease in these revenues was caused primarily by the loss in late 1995 of one large customer, to whom sales were approximately \$2,880,000 in 1994 and approximately \$1,688,000 in 1995, and by a reduction of approximately \$2,303,000 in one-time sales for special promotions by customers. These decreases in revenues were partially offset by a one-time sale of approximately \$2,337,000 to a new customer. Revenues from heating equipment increased 5.7%, from \$7,126,217 to \$7,530,770. This increase resulted from the first full year of sales of radiant heating products, recently developed by the Company, and from approximately 5% higher average selling prices. These increases more than offset a 3.1% decrease of unit sales. Revenues from hardware were strong, increasing by 6.4%, from \$3,319,101 to \$3,531,783.

Consolidated gross profit, as a percentage of revenues, excluding revenues from hydraulic equipment, increased from 30.2% to 32.6%. Gross profit from pneumatic tools and related equipment, excluding hydraulic equipment, increased from 30.7% to 31.8%. This was primarily due to a more profitable product mix of sales. The decline in the value of the dollar as compared to the Japanese yen caused a significant increase in the cost of tools imported from Japan. This increase was offset by the selling price increase described above, by purchase price reductions from the suppliers of the imported tools and by lower prices on purchases from alternative suppliers. Gross profit from heating equipment decreased from 35.4% to 34.3%, because of higher material costs and a less profitable product mix. Gross profit from hardware increased from 28.2% to 29.4%, due to increased sales volume and a more favorable product mix.

Consolidated selling, administrative and general expenses increased less than 1%, from \$9,973,728 to \$10,056,193, and were virtually unchanged as a percentage of revenues, excluding revenues from hydraulic equipment.

The effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1994 were 36.4% and 38.7%, respectively. See Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

7

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company gauges its liquidity and financial stability by the measurements shown in the following table:

	DECEMBER 31,								
	1996	1996 1995							
	(amounts in the	ousands, excep	t for ratios)						
Working Capital	\$15,682	\$15 , 838	\$14,940						
Current Ratio	3.35 to 1	2.54 to 1	2.70 to 1						
Shareholders' Equity	\$19 , 382	\$17 , 692	\$16,463						

During 1996, accounts receivable decreased by \$2,990,170. This decrease was the result of the collection of the unusually high level of accounts receivable at December 31, 1995, including approximately \$2,337,000 from one-time sales to a customer in December 1995. Also during 1996, inventories decreased \$3,783,711. The funds provided by these decreases in accounts receivable and inventories were used to pay down all of the Company's short-term borrowings during the year. This decrease in short-term borrowings of \$4,233,753 contributed to the increase in the Company's current ratio.

During 1995, accounts receivable increased by \$841,863 as a result of greater sales volume in the month of December 1995. Also during 1995, inventories increased \$1,827,338, because of changes in sales product mix. The relatively long lead times in the purchasing cycle often result in delays in reacting to changes in the product mix of sales.

The Company owns, subject to a mortgage, a 36,000 square foot facility in New Hyde Park, New York. This building is currently being leased to a former subsidiary of the Company. The lease expires on October 31, 1997. The tenant has an option, which expires on June 23, 1997, to purchase the facility for the amount outstanding on the mortgage. If this option is not exercised, the Company intends to sell the facility at the end of the lease. A final mortgage payment of approximately \$1,740,000 is due in November 1997. The balance outstanding at December 31, 1996 on this mortgage, \$1,769,239, has been classified as a current liability.

The Company's credit facilities provide a line of credit totalling \$18,000,000. Of this amount, \$14,000,000 is available for direct loans, letters of credit and bankers' acceptances. At December 31, 1996, there were no loans outstanding against this line of credit. There was a commitment at December 31, 1996 of approximately \$1,615,000 for as yet unused letters of credit. In addition, at December 31, 1996, approximately \$815,000 of the Company's credit facility was used to secure accounts payable. The total line of credit also includes \$4,000,000 earmarked for acquisitions subject to the lending bank's approval. The Company's credit facilities also provide the availability of up to \$10,000,000 in foreign currency forward contracts. These contracts fix the exchange rate on future purchases of Japanese yen needed for payments to foreign suppliers. The total amount of foreign currency forward contracts outstanding at December 31, 1996 was approximately \$1,610,000.

The Company's credit facilities agreement is subject to annual review by the lending bank. Under this agreement, the Company is required to adhere to certain financial covenants. At December 31, 1996, and for the year then ended, the Company satisfied all of these covenants.

The Company, through Florida Pneumatic, imports a significant amount of its purchases from Japan, with payment due in Japanese yen. As a result, the Company is subject to the effects of foreign currency exchange fluctuations. The Company uses a variety of techniques to protect itself from any adverse effects from these fluctuations, including increasing its selling prices, obtaining price reductions from its overseas suppliers, using alternative supplier sources and entering into foreign currency forward contracts. Because of these steps taken by the Company, foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations have not had a significant negative effect on the Company's results of operations or its financial position. Any future weakness of the dollar would again, however, present a problem and there can be no certainty that the Company will continue to be successful in its efforts to counter this problem.

Capital spending was approximately \$278,000, \$403,000 and \$212,000 in 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The total amount in each year was provided from working capital. Capital expenditures for 1997 are expected to total approximately \$835,000, some of which may be financed. Included in this amount are expenditures relating to new products as well as expenditures relating to the replacement or upgrading of old equipment.

On January 30, 1997, the Company redeemed all of its outstanding preferred stock at the par value of \$10 per share. The funds used for this redemption, totalling \$2,633,450, were derived from working capital.

On March 31, 1995, Florida Pneumatic purchased the assets and business of Intech Industries, Inc. ("Intech") for cash totalling \$206,000. Intech is a domestic manufacturer and importer of air filters used on air compressors. The operations of Intech have been merged with the operations of Florida Pneumatic.

On February 15, 1995, Florida Pneumatic purchased the assets and business of Tradesman Tool Co., Inc. ("Tradesman") for cash totalling approximately \$547,000. Tradesman is a domestic manufacturer of heavy-duty pipe wrenches. The operations of Tradesman have been merged with the operations of Florida Pneumatic.

On August 23, 1994, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized the redemption, effective September 6, 1994, of all outstanding rights issued under a shareholder rights plan established in 1989 and also declared a dividend distribution of new rights under a new shareholder rights plan. The redemption price of \$.01 per right resulted in an aggregate payment of \$29,289, which was treated as a dividend for tax purposes. In addition, the Company incurred approximately \$150,000 in costs associated with these transactions. These amounts were charged against operations in 1994.

9

In June 1994, substantially all of the net assets of Triangle were sold for \$3,500,000 in cash to an investment group which included Triangle's senior management. The divestiture of Triangle was in line with the Company's previously stated goal of disengaging itself from the volatility of the construction industry. The proceeds from the sale were used to reduce short-term borrowings. The Company intends to reborrow these funds, when necessary, to fund an acquisition. The Company is currently leasing its facilities in New Hyde Park, New York to its former subsidiary.

The Company continues to conduct an extensive acquisition search. The funds for an acquisition will be provided by working capital and existing credit facilities, including the \$4,000,000 credit facility earmarked for acquisitions referred to above. The total funds available, including cash derived from operations, will be approximately \$9,000,000.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, "Earnings per Share", which is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 1997. The Company will adopt Statement No. 128 for the year ended December 31, 1997. Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements presents the pro forma effects of the adoption of Statement No. 128 for the year ended December 31, 1996.

10

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

	PAGE
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	12
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 1996 and 1995	13 - 14
Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994	15
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994	16
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994	17 - 18
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	19 - 34
Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994	37

11

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and the Shareholders of P & F Industries, Inc. Farmingdale, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of P & F Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996. We have also audited the schedule listed in the accompanying index. These consolidated financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain

reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and schedule are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and schedule. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and schedule. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of P & F Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 1996 and 1995 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Also, in our opinion, the schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

BDO Seidman, LLP

New York, New York March 27, 1997

12

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	DECEMBER 31,						
ASSETS						1995	
CURRENT: Cash Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectibles of \$370,410 and	\$ 4	558	135	\$	1	224	603
\$350,684 (Note 3) Inventories (Notes 2 and 3) Deferred income taxes (Note 8) Prepaid expenses and other assets Note receivable from officer		119 211 300	259 850 000 850 000		14	903 154	561 000 988
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	22	343	094	_	25	878	398
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Notes 3 and 4): Land Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	4 5	505 246	020 889 699 	_	4 5 	505 394	889 134
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	4	965	956	_	4	760	074
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			652			132	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES (Note 8)			000				

GOODWILL, net of accumulated amortization of \$927,334 in 1996 and \$828,946 in 1995	2 886 433	2 984 821
OTHER ASSETS, net of accumulated amortization of \$34,659 in 1996 and \$518,663 in 1995	147 464	150 484
	\$ 31 331 643	\$ 35 415 672
	=========	=========

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements.

13

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	DECEMBER 31,						
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		1996					
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Short-term borrowings (Note 3) Accounts payable Accruals:			 589				
Compensation Other Current maturities of long-term	1	012	564 467		1		782
debt (Note 4) TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			691 311				
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities (Note 4)	3	919	370		6	0 4 4	981
SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES (Note 5)			200			369	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11	949	881		17		852
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 3 and 10)							
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Notes 6 and 7): Preferred stock, \$10 par, cumulative; shares authorized 2,000,000; issued and outstanding 263,345 Common stock:	2	633	450		2	633	450
Class A - \$1 par; shares authorized 7,000,000; outstanding 2,928,867 Class B - \$1 par; shares authorized 2,000,000	2		867			928	
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	6	607 211	614 831		7 4	607	614 889
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	19	381	762		17		820
			643				

Source: P&F INDUSTRIES INC, 10-K, March 28, 1997

14

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

			Y	EAR	ENI	DED	DEC	EMBER	31	,		
		199	996 		1995					1994		
REVENUES (Note 11): Net sales Other		42	8				401	954 647			232	392
	43	3 07	8			43	047	601		45		182
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Cost of sales Selling, administrative	28	8 69	8	300		29	015	050		31	446	604
and general Interest - net Depreciation		75 59	4 8	069 739		1	021 608	193 400 983		1	060 583	305 189
	39	89	1	084		40	701	626			063	
INCOME BEFORE TAXES ON INCOME	3	3 18	7	287		2	345	975		2	011	356
TAXES ON INCOME (Note 8)				000				000			778	
NET INCOME				287				975 ====			233	
PREFERRED DIVIDENDS				345				345	-			
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS				942				630 ====			970 ====	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES AND COMMON SHARE EQUIVALENTS: PRIMARY				419				635			253	
FULLY DILUTED	3	3 3 3 ====	4	205		3	312	280		2	253	965
EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK: PRIMARY				.52				.38				.30
FULLY DILUTED				.51				.38				.30

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements.

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			CLASS A C STOCK - \$	1 PAR	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN		
1994, 1995 AND 1996	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES				
BALANCE, January 1, 1994	263 345	\$ 2 633 450	2 928 867 \$	2 928 867	\$ 7 607 614	\$ 2 352 537	
Net income for the year ended December 31, 1994		==				1 233 356	
Redemption of shareholders' rights						(29 289)	
Dividends on preferred stock						(263 345)	
BALANCE, December 31, 1994	263 345	2 633 450	2 928 867	2 928 867	7 607 614	3 293 259	
Net income for the year ended December 31, 1995						1 491 975	
Dividends on preferred stock						(263 345)	
BALANCE, December 31, 1995	263 345	2 633 450	2 928 867	2 928 867	7 607 614	4 521 889	
Net income for the year ended December 31, 1996						1 953 287	
Dividends on preferred stock						(263 345)	
BALANCE, December 31, 1996	263 345	\$ 2 633 450	2 928 867 \$			\$ 6 211 831	

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements.

16

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,									
	199	6	1995	5 	1994	! !				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 1 953 	287	\$ 1 491	975	\$ 1 233 	356				
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization Provision for losses on	771	553	889	305	822	476				
accounts receivable	59	817	77	307	99	996				
Deferred income taxes	37	000	341	000	722	000				
Loss (gain) on disposal										
of fixed assets	3	446	(12	100)	(2	000)				
Decrease (increase):										
Accounts receivable	2 990	170	(841	863)	(1 411	817)				
Inventories	3 783	711	(1 827	338)	(562	080)				
Prepayments and other items	86	634	254	654	(293	849)				
Net assets of discontinued operation	1				(577	746)				
Other assets	(36	676)	12	425	(99	030)				
<pre>Increase (decrease):</pre>										
Accounts payable	(837	585)	546	691	(4 639	267)				
Accruals	(140	839)	251	672	355	870				

Source: P&F INDUSTRIES INC, 10-K, March 28, 1997

Total adjustments	6 717 231	(308 247)	(5 585 447)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating			
activities	8 670 518	1 183 728	(4 352 091)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sale of equipment		12 300	3 000
Capital expenditures	(278 094)	(402 403)	(212 254)
Proceeds from sale of discontinued	,	, ,	,
operation			3 500 000
Purchase of assets of Tradesman			
Tool Co., Inc. and Intech			
Industries, Inc.		(752 959)	
Net cash (used in)			
provided by investing	(070 004)	(1 1 4 2 0 6 0)	2 000 746
activities	(2/8 094)	(1 143 062)	3 290 746

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements.

17

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
		1995		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	12 661 696	16 310 783	19 292 591	
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(16 895 449) (15 591 320)	(18 110 764)	
Proceeds from mortgage	2 062 500		2 343 400	
Principal payments on long-term debt	(2 624 294	(344 084)	(3 068 416)	
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(263 345	(263 345)	(263 345)	
Redemption of shareholders' rights			(29 289)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing				
activities	(5 058 892) 112 034	164 177	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	3 333 532	152 700	(897 168)	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1 224 603	1 071 903	1 969 071	
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 4 558 135	\$ 1 224 603	\$ 1 071 903	
	========	========	========	

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to consolidated financial statements.

18

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements contained herein include the accounts of P & F Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The Company conducts its business operations through two wholly-owned subsidiaries. Florida Pneumatic Manufacturing Corporation ("Florida Pneumatic") is engaged in the importation, manufacture and sale of pneumatic hand tools, primarily for the industrial and retail markets, and the manufacture and sale of air filters. Florida Pneumatic also markets, through its Berkley Tool division ("Berkley"), a line of pipe cutting and threading tools, wrenches and replacement electrical components for a widely used brand of pipe cutting and threading machines. Embassy Industries, Inc. ("Embassy") is engaged in the manufacture and sale of baseboard and radiant heating products. Embassy also imports, assembles and packages a line of small hardware items through its Franklin Hardware division ("Franklin"). Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements presents financial information for the segments of the Company's business.

BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash and short-term debt, approximated fair value as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, because of the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of long-term debt, including the current portion, approximated fair value as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, based upon quoted market prices for the same or similar debt issues.

At December 31, 1996, the Company had foreign currency forward contracts, maturing in 1997, to purchase approximately \$1,610,000 in Japanese yen at contracted forward rates.

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts as a hedge against foreign accounts payable. At December 31, 1996, gains and losses on such contracts were included in the measurement of the related foreign currency transactions and reflected in the cost of sales. The Company does not hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes.

19

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(CONTINUED)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

Property and equipment are stated at cost.

Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method for financial reporting and by the straight-line and accelerated methods for income tax purposes. The estimated useful lives for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 10 - 30 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 12 years

LONG-LIVED ASSETS

In March 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 1995, with earlier application encouraged. The Company adopted Statement No. 121 for the year ended December 31, 1995. The adoption of Statement No. 121 did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

GOODWILL

The excess of the purchase price over fair value of net assets of acquired businesses arises from business combinations accounted for as purchases and is amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years.

The Company's operational policy for the assessment and measurement of any impairment in the value of excess of cost over net assets acquired which is other than temporary is to evaluate the recoverability and remaining life of its goodwill and determine whether the goodwill should be completely or partially written off or the amortization period accelerated. The Company will recognize an impairment of goodwill if undiscounted estimated future operating cash flows of the acquired businesses are determined to be less than the carrying amount of goodwill. If the Company determines that goodwill has been impaired, the measurement of the impairment will be equal to the excess of the carrying amount of the goodwill over the amount of the undiscounted estimated operating cash flows. If an impairment of goodwill were to occur, the Company would reflect the impairment through a reduction in the carrying value of goodwill.

20

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(CONTINUED)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

TAXES ON INCOME

P & F Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries file a consolidated Federal tax return and separate state and local tax returns.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of any

change in the tax rate is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date of such change.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Primary and fully diluted earnings per share are computed using the treasury stock method. Under this method, the aggregate number of shares outstanding reflects the assumed use of proceeds from the hypothetical exercise of the outstanding options and warrants to repurchase shares of common stock.

In calculating the purchase price of common stock, the average market value for the period is used for primary earnings per share and the greater of the average or ending market value for the period is used for fully diluted earnings per share.

Net income or loss is adjusted for preferred dividends in computing the net income or loss attributable to the common stock.

21

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31.

NOTE 2 - INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of:

	DECEMBER 31,			
	1996 1995			
Raw materials Work-in-process Finished goods	\$ 2 722 309 \$ 3 476 355 735 792			
	\$ 11 119 850 \$ 14 903 561			

NOTE 3 - SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

The Company's credit facilities provide a line of credit totalling \$18,000,000. Of this amount, \$14,000,000 is available for direct loans, letters of credit and bankers' acceptances. At December 31, 1996, there were no loans outstanding against this line of credit. There was a commitment at December 31, 1996 of approximately \$1,615,000 for as yet unused letters of credit. In addition, at December 31, 1996, approximately \$815,000 of the Company's credit facility was used to secure accounts payable. The total line of credit also includes \$4,000,000 earmarked for acquisitions subject to the lending bank's approval. The Company's credit facilities also provide the availability of up to \$10,000,000 in foreign currency forward contracts. These contracts fix the exchange rate on future purchases of Japanese yen needed for payments to foreign suppliers. The total amount of foreign currency forward contracts outstanding at December 31, 1996 was approximately \$1,610,000.

Borrowings under the Company's line of credit bear interest at approximately the prime rate and are secured by the accounts receivable, inventory and equipment of the Company. These borrowings are also crossguaranteed by the parent company and each of the subsidiaries.

The Company's credit facilities agreement is subject to annual review by the lending bank. Under this agreement, the Company is required to adhere to certain financial covenants. At December 31, 1996, and for the year then ended, the Company satisfied all of these covenants.

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DECEMBED 21

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of:

	DECEMBER 31,			
	1996			
Mortgage loan - \$9,095 payable monthly (plus interest at 1/2% above prime) through February 1999, when a final payment of approximately \$1,798,000 is due. (a)(b)	\$ 2 034 170 \$	5 2 152 405		
Mortgage loan - variable amounts payable monthly (including interest at a variable rate) through May 2006, when a payment of the entire balance of unpaid principal and interest is due. (a)(c)	2 033 652			
Mortgage loan - paid April 1996. (d)		2 216 650		
Mortgage loan - \$18,143 payable monthly (including interest at 10.65% per annum) through October 1997, when a final payment of approximately \$1,740,000 is due. (a)	1 769 239	1 796 913		
Term loan - paid December 1996. (e)		232 887		
Less current maturities	5 837 061 1 917 691	6 398 855		
	\$ 3 919 370 \$			
	_======================================			

- (a) These mortgages payable relate to the land and buildings of the Company's subsidiaries. Property with a net book value of approximately \$3,860,000 is pledged as collateral.
- (b) The prime interest rate at December 31, 1996 was 8.25%.
- (c) Payments of \$17,149 are due monthly on this mortgage through May 1997.

 Payments thereafter will be recomputed annually and will be based on the variable interest rate then in effect. The mortgagee has certain privileges through June 1998 to convert the variable rate of interest to a fixed rate.
- (d) This mortgage was refinanced in April 1996.
- (e) The original maturity date of this loan was October 1998. The balance of this loan was prepaid in December 1996.

The aggregate amounts of the long-term debt scheduled to mature in each of the years ended December 31, are as follows: 1997 - \$1,917,691; 1998 - \$158,752; 1999 - \$1,869,577; 2000 - \$58,097; 2001 - \$62,869; 2002 and thereafter -\$1,770,075.

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 - SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES

The Company's 13.75% Subordinated Debentures are unsecured general obligations of the Company and are subordinate to all existing and future senior indebtedness of the Company. Interest on the Debentures is payable in arrears semi-annually. The Company has the option to redeem the Debentures, at the principal amount, at any time prior to the fixed due date of January 1, 2017.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL STOCK TRANSACTIONS

The Company's preferred stock paid quarterly dividends of 10% per annum. On January 30, 1997, the Company redeemed all of the outstanding shares of the preferred stock at the par value of \$10 per share.

On September 8, 1994, the Company redeemed, for \$.01 per Right, the Rights issued in connection with an existing Stockholder Rights Plan and pursuant to a Rights Agreement, which had been adopted on June 8, 1989 and amended on January 17, 1991. The total amount paid was \$29,289.

In connection with a new Stockholder Rights Plan, the Company entered into a new Rights Agreement on August 23, 1994 and distributed as a dividend to each holder of Class A Common Stock a preferred stock purchase right. These rights entitle the stockholders, in certain circumstances, to purchase one one-thousandth of a share of the Company's Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock for \$10. The Stockholder Rights Plan is intended to protect, among other things, the interests of the Company's stockholders in the event the Company is confronted with coercive or unfair takeover tactics. The Company incurred approximately \$150,000 in costs associated with these transactions. These amounts were charged to expense in 1994.

NOTE 7 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

In 1992, the Company adopted an incentive stock option plan (as amended) which authorizes the issuance, to employees and directors, of options to purchase a maximum of 1,100,000 shares of Class A Common Stock. These options must be issued within ten years of the effective date of the plan and are exercisable for a ten year period from the date of grant at prices not less than 100% of the market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted. Options granted to any 10% shareholder are exercisable for a five year period from the date of the grant at prices not less than 110% of the market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted.

The Company applies the Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related Interpretations in accounting for the incentive stock option plan. Under APB Opinion 25, no compensation cost is recognized if the exercise price of the Company's employee stock options equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of the grant.

24

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (continued)

Statement No. 123 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", which is effective for transactions entered into after December 15, 1995, requires the Company to provide pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share as if compensation cost for the Company's stock option plan had been determined in accordance with the fair value method prescribed by Statement No. 123. The Company estimates the fair value of each stock option at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in 1995: no dividends paid for all years; expected volatility of 40.0%; risk-free interest rate of 5.5%; and an expected life of 4.0 years.

The effect of the adoption of the accounting provisions of Statement No. 123 on the Company's net income and earnings per share was not material.

The following table contains information on stock options for the three years ended December 31, 1996:

	-	Exercise price range per share	average exercise
		\$	\$
Outstanding and exercisable			
January 1, 1994	1 163 200	1.44 to 2.06	1.82
Granted	308 500	1.94 to 1.99	1.98
Cancelled	(450 000)	2.06	2.06
Exercised			
Expired	(80 000)	1.50 to 1.88	1.52
Outstanding and exercisable	0.41 7.00	1 11 0 0 0	1 70
December 31, 1994	941 700		
Granted Cancelled	50 000 (192 000)	2.61 1.65	2.61 1.65
Exercised	(192 000)	1.65	1.65
Expired	(51 000)	1.50 to 2.06	
Lapited	(31 000)	1.30 00 2.00	2.05
Outstanding and exercisable			
December 31, 1995	748 700	1.44 to 2.61	1.85
Granted			
Cancelled			
Exercised			
Expired	(7 500)	1.84 to 1.94	1.92
Outstanding and exercisable			
December 31, 1996		1.44 to 2.61	1.85
	=======		

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

25

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (continued)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 1996:

		Weighted	
		average	Weighted
	Outstanding and	remaining	average
Range of	exercisable at	contractual	exercise
exercise prices	December 31, 1996	life (years)	price

	======		
\$1.44 to \$2.61	741 200	3.4	\$1.85
\$1.94	53 500	8.0	\$1.94
\$1.44	15 000	7.6	\$1.44
\$1.50 to \$2.61	387 700	3.4	\$1.79
\$1.99	250 000	2.5	\$1.99
\$1.58	35 000	1.4	\$1.58

There were options available for issuance under the plan as of December 31 of each year as follows: 1994 - 741,500; 1995 - 691,500 and 1996 - 696,500. Of the 741,200 options outstanding at December 31, 1996, 403,500 options were issued under the current plan and 337,700 options were issued under a previous plan.

On October 11, 1995, the Company recorded a charge against operations of \$163,200, the amount paid for the cancellation of options to purchase 192,000 shares of common stock. These options had been granted to Sidney Horowitz, the former Chairman of the Board of the Company.

At December 31, 1994, 1995 and 1996, the Company had warrants outstanding for the purchase of 70,000 shares of Class A common stock. These warrants have an exercise price of \$1.50 per warrant and they expire on December 31, 1997.

26

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 - TAXES ON INCOME

Provisions for taxes on income in the consolidated statements of income consist of the following:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,				
	1996	1995	1994		
Current:					
Federal	\$1 089 000	\$ 437 000	\$		
State and local	108 000	76 000	56 000		
Total current	1 197 000	513 000	56 000		
Deferred:					
Federal	41 000	337 000	721 000		
State and local	(4 000)	4 000	1 000		
Total deferred	37 000	341 000	722 000		
Total taxes on income	\$1 234 000 =====	\$ 854 000 =====	\$ 778 000 ======		

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) consist of the following:

DECEMBER	31,
1996	1995

Current deferred tax assets: Bad debt reserves Warranty and other reserves	\$ 141 000 70 000	\$ 134 000 20 000
	\$ 211 000 ======	\$ 154 000 ======
Non-current deferred tax assets (liabilities): Net operating loss		
carryforward (Note 9(b)) Depreciation	\$ 269 000 (94 000)	\$ 269 000
	\$ 175 000 ======	\$ 269 000

No valuation allowance has been established against the deferred tax assets because management believes that all of the deferred tax assets will be realized.

27

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 - TAXES ON INCOME (continued)

A reconciliation of the Federal statutory rate to the total effective tax rate applicable to income before taxes on income is as follows:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,					
	199	6	199	5	1994	1
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Federal income taxes computed at statutory rates	1 084 000	34.0	798 000	34.0	684 000	34.0
Increase in taxes resulting from: State and local taxes, net of Federal tax						
benefit	69 000	2.2	51 000	2.2	36 000	1.8
Other	81 000	2.5	5 000	.2	58 000	2.9
Taxes on income	1 234 000	38.7 ====	854 000	36.4	778 000 =====	38.7

NOTE 9 - ACQUISITIONS AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

(a) Acquisitions

During the first quarter of 1995, Florida Pneumatic purchased the assets of Tradesman Tool Co., Inc. ("Tradesman") and Intech Industries, Inc. ("Intech") for cash totalling approximately \$753,000. Neither of these acquisitions was material to the consolidated financial statements.

The operations of both Tradesman and Intech were merged into the operations of Florida Pneumatic.

(b) Discontinued operations

On June 22, 1994, the Company sold substantially all of the assets and liabilities of Triangle Sheet Metal Works, Inc. ("Triangle"), its sheet metal contracting subsidiary, for \$3,500,000 in cash. The assets sold did not include Triangle's land, building and building improvements. As part of the sale agreement, the Company is leasing this building to its former subsidiary, for an annual base rental of approximately \$320,000, through October 1997.

The Company had estimated the anticipated loss on the sale of Triangle in 1993 and had recognized the loss in the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 1993. The actual loss realized on the sale of Triangle in June 1994 had no effect on the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 1994 and was not materially different from the previously estimated loss.

28

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 - ACQUISITIONS AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

The operations of Triangle prior to its sale generated a net operating loss carryforward for state and local purposes. The tax benefits of this carryforward are expected to be realized upon the sale of the building referred to above.

Results of operations applicable to discontinued operations through June 22, 1994 included revenues of \$3,299,036 and a loss from operations of \$539,068.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) The Company and its subsidiaries lease equipment under operating leases through 2000 for approximate minimum annual rentals as follows: 1997 - \$61,000; 1998 - \$26,000; 1999 - \$4,000 and <math>1998 - \$3,000.

Rental expenses for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 were approximately \$68,000, \$88,000 and \$77,000, respectively.

(b) The Company and its subsidiaries have adopted a defined contribution pension plan, which covers substantially all non-union employees. Contributions to this plan were determined as a percentage of compensation. The amounts recognized as pension expense for this plan were approximately \$218,000, \$229,000 and \$213,000 for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

One of the Company's subsidiaries also participates in a multi-employer pension plan. This plan provides defined benefits to all union workers. Contributions to this plan are determined by union contracts and the Company does not administer or control the funds in any way. The amounts recognized as pension expense for this plan were approximately \$28,000, \$28,000 and \$26,000 for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

(c) The Company has employment agreements with two officers. These agreements currently provide for minimum annual aggregate salaries of \$764,000 through September 1998 and \$458,000 through February 2004. These two agreements stipulate that if a change in control of the Company occurs and, as a result, the officers are terminated or are unable to exercise their functions and duties and therefore resign, they shall have the option to receive either full compensation for the remaining term of the agreement or a severance allowance

equal to three times average annual compensation for the five previous years.

- (d) The Company has a consulting agreement with its former Chairman of the Board. This agreement currently provides for annual consulting fees of \$200,000\$ through October 1998.
- (e) Florida Pneumatic purchases significant amounts of pneumatic tools from two foreign suppliers. Other sources are available. However, the loss of either supplier could cause a temporary disruption in the flow of products, possibly creating an adverse effect on operating results.

29

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - SEGMENTS OF BUSINESS

The following presents financial information by segment for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994. Operating income excludes general corporate expenses, interest expense and income taxes. Identifiable assets are those assets directly owned or utilized by the particular business segment.

(000 OMITTED)	CON- SOLIDATED	BASEBOARD HEATING MANU- FACTURING	PNEUMATIC TOOL MANU- FACTURING	OTHER
Net sales	\$ 42 650 =====	\$ 8 171 =====	\$ 30 445 ======	
Operating income General corporate expense Interest expense Income before taxes on income	\$ 5 960 (2 019) (754) \$ 3 187 	\$ 339	\$ 5 208	
Identifiable assets at December 31, 1996 Corporate assets Total assets at December 31, 1996	\$ 25 943 5 389 \$ 31 332 ======	\$ 4 640 =====	\$ 19 695 =====	\$ 1 608 =====
Depreciation (including \$13 corporate)	\$ 599 =====	\$ 220 =====	\$ 346 =====	\$ 20 =====
Capital expenditures (including \$5 corporate)	\$ 278 ======	\$ 208 =====	\$ 65 =====	\$

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - SEGMENTS OF BUSINESS (continued)

(000 OMITTED) 1995	CON- SOLIDATED	BASEBOARD HEATING MANU- FACTURING	FACTURING	OTHER
Net sales	\$ 42 646	\$ 7 523	\$ 31 591	\$ 3 532
	======		======	•
Operating income	\$ 5 623	\$ 334	\$ 4 953	\$ 336
General corporate	(0, 05.6)	======	======	======
expense	(2 256)			
Interest expense	(1 021)			
Income before taxes				
on income	\$ 2 346			
	=======			
Identifiable assets at				
December 31, 1995	\$ 34 496	•	\$ 27 136	
Corporate assets	920	======	======	======
Total assets at				
December 31, 1995	\$ 35 416			
	=======			
Depreciation	600	A 010	264	A 00
(including \$13 corporate)	\$ 609	\$ 212 ======	\$ 364	
	=	=		
Capital expenditures				
(including \$5 corporate)	\$ 402	\$ 189	\$ 208	\$
	=======	======	=======	======

31

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - SEGMENTS OF BUSINESS (continued)

(000 OMITTED)	CON- SOLIDATED	BASEBOARD HEATING MANU- FACTURING	PNEUMATIC TOOL MANU- FACTURING	OTHER
Net sales	\$ 44 843	\$ 7 126	\$ 34 398	\$ 3 319
	======	======	=======	======
Operating income	\$ 5 262	\$ 431	\$ 4 559	\$ 272
General corporate		======	=======	======
expense	(2 191)			
Interest expense	(1 060)			
Income before taxes				

\$ 2 011			
======			
\$ 31 707	\$ 4 789	\$ 25 087	\$ 1 831
1 306	======	======	======
\$ 33 013			
=======			
\$ 583	\$ 220	\$ 331	\$ 20
=======	======	=======	======
\$ 212	\$ 81	\$ 123	\$
=======	======	=======	======
	\$ 31 707 1 306 \$ 33 013 ======= \$ 583	\$ 31 707 \$ 4 789 1 306 ======= \$ 33 013 ======== \$ 583 \$ 220 =======	\$ 31 707 \$ 4 789 \$ 25 087 1 306 ===================================

The baseboard heating manufacturing segment, which sells to plumbing supply houses primarily in the nrthern tier of the United States, is directly affected by the housing industry. The pneumatic tool manufacturing segment sells primarily throughout the United States.

The pneumatic tool manufacturing segment has two major customers that accounted for 48.2%, 42.2% and 49.6% of consolidated net sales for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Two customers accounted for 62.3% of consolidated accounts receivable as of December 31, 1996 and three customers accounted for 68.1% of consolidated accounts receivable as of December 31, 1995.

32

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 12 - UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Unaudited interim consolidated financial information for the two years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995 is summarized as follows:

	QUARTER ENDED			
	MARCH 31,	JUNE 30,	SEPTEMBER 30,	DECEMBER 31,
1996	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net sales	9 334 135	9 593 600	12 857 555	10 865 052
Gross profit	3 191 130	3 264 241	4 070 487	3 426 184
Income available to common shareholders	284 457	289 959 =====	646 066	469 460
Earnings per share of co Primary	ommon stock .09 ===	(a): .09 ===	.20	.14
Fully diluted	.09	.09	.19	.14

1	. 9	9	5	

Net sales	9 604 535	10 696 735	9 854 150	12 490 534
Gross profit	3 218 113	3 268 804	3 219 425	3 924 562
Income available to common shareholders	206 651	232 709	132 358	656 912 =====
Earnings per share of Primary and	common stock	(a):		
fully diluted	.06	.07	.04	.21

(a) After giving effect to dividends paid on preferred stock, as described in the Summary of Accounting Policies.

33

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid during the year for:

	YEAR	ENDED DECEMB	ER 31,
	1996	1995	1994
Interest	\$ 1 029 075 =======	\$ 1 159 936 =======	\$ 1 249 465 =======
Income taxes	\$ 1 242 199 ======	\$ 340 407	\$ 266 822 ======

NOTE 14 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, "Earnings per Share," which is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 1997. The Company will adopt Statement No. 128 for the year ended December 31, 1997. The pro forma effect on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 1996 is as follows:

BASIC	DILUTED
\$1 953 287	\$1 953 287
(263 345)	(263 345)
\$1 689 942	\$1 689 942
=======	=======
2 928 867	2 928 867
	\$1 953 287 (263 345) \$1 689 942 =======

Common share equivalents - shares

issuable upon exercise of stock options		308 052
Weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents used in calculation of earnings per common share	2 928 867 ======	3 236 919 =====
Earnings per common share	\$.58 ====	\$.52 ====

34

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

Information relating to the directors and executive officers of the Registrant is set forth in the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for its 1997 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Proxy Statement") to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information relating to executive compensation is set forth in the Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

Information relating to the security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management is set forth in the Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Information relating to certain relationships and related transactions is set forth in the Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

35

PART IV

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

PAGE

- (a) Financial statements and financial statement schedules
 - (1) The consolidated financial statements of the Registrant as set forth under Item 8 are filed as part of this report.

(2) The following consolidated financial statement schedule for the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 is filed as part of this report:

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

37

All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are not applicable, or the required information is otherwise shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

No reports on Form 8-K have been filed by the Registrant during the last quarter of the period covered by this report.

(C) The following exhibits are filed as part of this report:

> Exhibit 11 - Schedule of Computation of Earnings Per Common Share

39

Exhibit 23 - Consent of Experts

40

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule

36

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE II

VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS ______

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUM	IN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E
		ADDITIONS			
DESCRIPTION	BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	CHARGED	CHARGED TO OTHER	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE AT END OF PERIOD
Year ended December 31, 1996: Allowance for possible losses	\$ 350 684 ======	\$ 59 817		\$ 40 091(a)	\$ 370 410 ======
Year ended December 31, 1995: Allowance for possible losses Reserve for disposal of discontinued operations	\$ 354 252 ======== \$ 69 078 =======	\$ 77 307 \$	\$		=======
Year ended December 31, 1994: Allowance for possible losses Reserve for disposal of discontinued operations	\$ 351 734 \$3 296 000 	\$ 99 996 \$	\$	=======	\$ 354 252 \$ 69 078

⁽a) Write-off of expenses against reserve.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ RICHARD A. HOROWITZ

Richard A. Horowitz

Chairman of the Board

President

Principal Executive Officer

Principal Operating Officer

Accounting Officer

Date: March 27, 1997

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

/s/ ROBERT L. DUBOFSKY	/s/ LEON D. FELDMAN
Robert L. Dubofsky, Director	Leon D. Feldman, Director
/s/ RICHARD A. HOROWITZ	
Richard A. Horowitz, Director	Sidney Horowitz, Director
/s/ ARTHUR HUG, JR.	/s/ DENNIS KALICK
Arthur Hug, Jr., Director	Dennis Kalick, Director
Earle K. Moore, Director	Marc A. Utay, Director
Date: March 27, 1997	

38

P & F INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

EXHIBIT 11

SCHEDULE OF COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996

	PRIMARY	FULLY DILUTED
Net income	\$1 953 287	\$1 953 287
Dividends on preferred stock	(263 345)	(263 345)
Addback to net income of decrease in interest expense resulting from assumed use of proceeds from exercise of options	1 689 942	1 689 942
to reduce outstanding debt	450	
Net income for earnings per common share	\$1 690 392 ======	\$1 689 942 ======
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year	2 928 867	2 928 867
Common share equivalents - shares issuable upon exercise of stock options	311 552	405 338
Weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents used in calculation of earnings		
per common share	3 240 419	
Earnings per common share	\$.52 ====	\$.51 ====

EXHIBIT 23

CONSENT OF BDO SEIDMAN, LLP

P & F Industries, Inc. Farmingdale, New York

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectus constituting a part of the Registration Statement of our report dated March 27, 1997, relating to the consolidated financial statements of P & F Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996.

We also consent to the reference to us under the caption "Experts" in the Prospectus.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

BDO Seidman, LLP

New York, New York March 27 , 1997

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